## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEBRASKA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Plaintiff,

VS.

JUSTIN ALEXANDER COLBERT,
Defendant.

CASE NO: 4:19CR3041

**DETENTION ORDER** 

On the government's motion, the court afforded the defendant an opportunity for a detention hearing under the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f). The court concludes the defendant must be detained.

Based on the information of record, the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant's release would pose a risk of nonappearance at court proceedings, and by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant's release would pose a risk of harm to the public.

Specifically, the court finds that the defendant has a criminal history of violating the law and court orders; uses aliases; violated conditions of release previously imposed by a court; has a history of harming or threatening harm to others; is addicted to or abuses mood-altering chemicals and is likely to continue such conduct and violate the law if released; was not truthful with pretrial services during his interview regarding his social security number; has provided false information to law enforcement in the past; has limited contacts with the community; lacks a stable residence; has limited employment contacts; has failed to appear for court proceedings in the past; is currently the subject of a warrant out of Douglas County; has mental health issues which will pose a risk of harm if the defendant is released; and conditions which restrict Defendant's travel, personal contacts, and possession of drugs, alcohol, and/or firearms; require

reporting, education, employment, or treatment; or monitor Defendant's movements or conduct; or any combination of these conditions or others currently proposed or available (see 18 U.S.C. § 3142(c)), will not sufficiently ameliorate the risks posed if the defendant is released.

## **Directions Regarding Detention**

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or a designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity to consult privately with defense counsel. On order of the United States Court or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to the United States marshal for a court appearance.

Dated September 3, 2019.

BY THE COURT:

<u>s/ Cheryl R. Zwart</u> United States Magistrate Judge